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## Periodic Table Basics

COM
INC/FIX
LATE/REDONE


Step 5: Use the following colors to shade in the square for each element. You should ONLY color in the small square in the upper left-hand corner and not the entire card.
Green $=\mathrm{Li} \& \mathrm{Na}$
Pink = O \& S
Blue $=\mathrm{Be} \& \mathrm{Mg}$
Purple $=\mathrm{F}$ \& Cl
Orange $=\mathrm{B}$ \& AI
Red $=\mathrm{C} \& \mathrm{Si}$
Tan = N \& P
Yellow $=\mathrm{He}, \mathrm{Ne}, \& \mathrm{Ar}$

Step 6: Cut the cards apart and arrange according to atomic number in the pattern shown below. Once you have the cards arranged in the correct order, glue them to a large sheet of construction paper.


Step 7: Answer the questions on the back of this worksheet using the information on your Periodic Table.

## CHECKLIST

Done
Neat
Colored correct
Valence Electrons Stand out
Organized
$\qquad$

1. Which elements had complete outer shells? Give the name and symbol for each.
2. What do you notice about the location of the elements in \#1?
3. Which elements had only one valence electron?
4. What do you notice about the location of the elements in \#3?
5. What do you notice about the number of valence electrons as you move from left to right across a row or period in the periodic table? $(\mathrm{Na} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg} \rightarrow \mathrm{Al} \rightarrow \mathrm{Si} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{S} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cl} \rightarrow \mathrm{Ar})$
6. What do you notice about the number of energy levels or shells as you move down a group or column in the periodic table? $(\mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{Li} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na})$
7. Elements are organized into families according to their physical and chemical properties. Identify the elements that you used in Step 5 that belong to each family based on the number of valence electrons. Give the name and symbol for each element.

Alkali Metals - 1 valence electron $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Alkaline Earth Metals - 2 valence electrons $\qquad$
$\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Boron Family - 3 valence electrons $\qquad$
$\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Carbon Family - 4 valence electrons $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Nitrogen Family - 5 valence electrons $\qquad$
$\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Oxygen Family - 6 valence electrons $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Halides - 7 valence electrons $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
Noble Gases - Complete outermost shell
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , \& $\qquad$
8. What do you notice about the location of the elements in each family?
9. How would you classify hydrogen? Why?
10. Predict the number of valence electrons for each element based on its location in the Periodic Table of Elements. You will need to use the table in your textbook.

$$
\text { Barium }=\quad \text { Lead }=\ldots \quad \text { Xenon }=\quad \text { Potassium }=
$$




Lewis Structure Li

Bohr Diagram

Lewis Structure C
He





Lewis Structure Al


Bohr Diagram


Lewis Structure $\quad \mathrm{Si}$


Lewis Structure


Bohr Diagram


Lewis Structure
F


Bohr Diagram


Lewis Structure Na


Bohr Diagram


Lewis Structure
Cl

